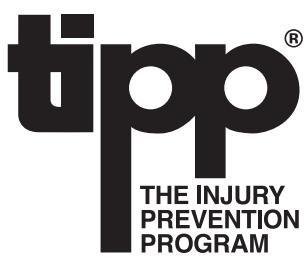


6 years



6 YEARS

Safety for Your Child



Did you know that injuries are the greatest threat to the life and health of your child? Injuries are the leading cause of death of school-aged children. **Yet you can prevent most major injuries!**

At age 6, your child will become more independent. He or she will be able to do more things that are dangerous. Your child will try to prove that he or she is grown up. But children still aren't good at judging sound, distance, or the speed of a moving car at this age. Your child can learn a few simple things to do for protection, but **you must still be in charge of his or her safety.**

Fire Safety

Make an escape plan in case of fire in your home. Your fire department can tell you how. Teach your child what to do when the smoke alarm rings. Practice what you and your child would do if you had a fire.



Do not smoke in your home. Many home fires are caused by a lit cigarette that has not been put out completely.

Install smoke alarms in your house and test the batteries every month to make sure they work. Change the batteries once a year.

Firearm Hazards

Children in homes where guns are present are in more danger of being shot by themselves, their friends, or family members than of being injured by an intruder. It is best to keep all guns out of the home. **Handguns are especially dangerous.** If you choose to keep a gun, keep it unloaded and in a locked place separate from ammunition. Ask if the homes where your child visits or is cared for have guns and how they are stored.



Bike Safety

Protect your child from bad head injuries or even death. **Make sure your child wears a helmet every time they ride a bike.** Never let your child ride in the street. Your child is too young to ride in the street safely!



Street Safety

Never let your child play near the street. Your child may dart out into traffic without thinking. The park or playground is the best place to play. Begin to teach your child safe street habits. **Teach your child to stop at the curb**, then look to the left, to the right, and back to the left again. Teach your child never to cross the street without a grown-up.



(over)

American Academy of Pediatrics

DEDICATED TO THE HEALTH OF ALL CHILDREN™



And Remember Car Safety

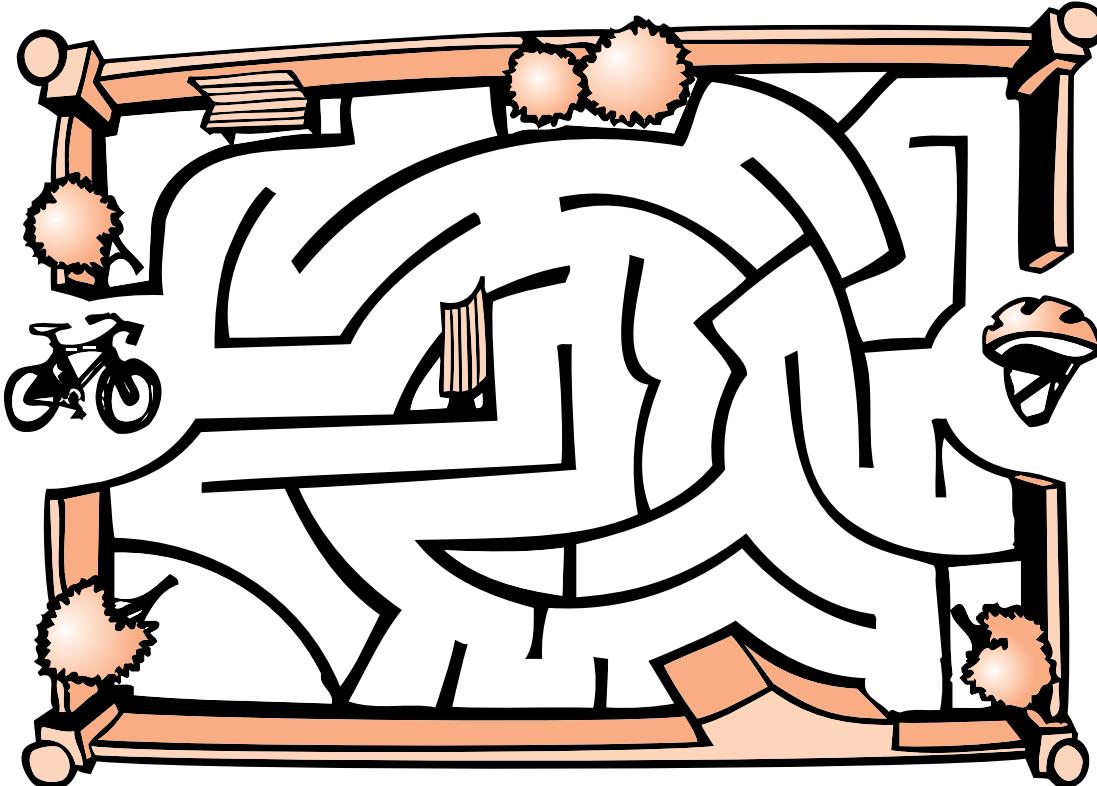
Your child must now use a **booster seat** in the car. Always check to be sure that he or she is correctly restrained in the booster seat before you start the car. Your child should use a booster seat until the lap belt can be worn low and flat on the hips and the shoulder belt can be worn across the shoulder rather than the face or neck (usually at about 80 pounds and 4 feet 9 inches tall). The safest place for all children, even through school age, is in the back seat of the car. Set a good example. **Make sure you and other adults buckle up, too!**



SAFETY IN A KID'S WORLD

Dear Parent: Your child is old enough to learn how to prevent injuries. The game below is designed to help your child think about safety. Read the messages with your child and talk about them together. Then take this safety sheet home and post it where everyone can see it.

It takes time to form a safety habit. Remind each other what it says. Make safety a big part of your lives.



Bike Safety

Always wear a 
when you ride your

Get the Helmet Habit!

Directions: Find your way through this maze. Connect the helmet with the bicycle.

From Your Doctor

The information in this publication should not be used as a substitute for the medical care and advice of your pediatrician. There may be variations in treatment that your pediatrician may recommend based on the individual facts and circumstances.